



Leibniz Institute for Baltic Sea Research Warnemünde

Monitoring cruise

FS „Elisabeth Mann Borgese“

Cruise- No. EMB-147

07th February – 18th February 2017

Western and Central Baltic Sea

This report is based on preliminary data

Leibniz-Institut für Ostseeforschung
an der Universität Rostock
Seestraße 15
D-18119 Rostock-Warnemünde
Germany
Phone: +49-381-5197-0
Fax: +49-381-5197-440

1. Basic information

Ship: FS Elisabeth Mann Borgese
Nationality: Germany
Operating Authority: Baltic Sea Research Institute Warnemünde (IOW)
Cruise: EMB-147
Date: 07.02.-18.02.2017
Master: Uwe Scholz
Number of crew: 11
Chief scientist: Dr. Michael Naumann
Number of research staff: 11

Geographical area in which ship has operated:

western and central Baltic Sea

Purpose of the cruise

Monitoring cruise in the framework of HELCOM programme, additional measurement programmes to follow environmental changes after the intensive inflow activity in the years 2014-2016.

Research staff:

	Name	On board	Institution	Responsibility
1	Michael Naumann	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	sediment coring, mooring work chief scientist
2	Johann Ruickoldt	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	CTD, CTD-maintenance
3	Jan Donath	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	CTD, QM CTD-measurements
4	Birgit Sadkowiak	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Nutrients, QM laboratory analysis
5	Lars Kreuzer	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Nutrients, Dissolved oxygen
6	Ines Hand	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Organic contaminants
7	Susanne Schöne	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Organic contaminants
8	Madleen Dierken	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Dissolved oxygen
9	Michael Pötzsch	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Biological sampling, sediment coring, mooring work,
10	Natalia Osma	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Biological sampling
11	Dawid Zacharzewski	07.02.-18.02.2017	IOW	Observer polish territorial waters

Scientific equipment:

CTD + Rosette water sampler, in situ pump for sampling of organic pollutants (PAH), Phytoplankton net (Apstein), Zooplankton net (WP2), Secchi disk, nutrient analyser, oxygen analyser, Frahm lot sediment corer

2. General remarks and preliminary result:

The first monitoring cruise of the year 2017 in a series of five expeditions performed annually by the Leibniz Institute for Baltic Sea Research Warnemünde was carried out with FS “Elisabeth Mann Borgese“ between February 07th and 18th February 2017. The cruise is part of the German contribution to the HELCOM COMBINE program and contributes to IOW’s long term data series in the central Baltic Sea. The data acquired are used for regular national and international assessments of the state of the Baltic Sea, are analysed in numerous publications, and provide the scientific basis for measures to be taken for the protection of the ecosystem Baltic Sea.

Additionally, the measurements were focused to investigate the impact of the intensified inflow activity since 2014. Suprisingly, the Farö Deep in the northern Central Basin was ventilated and for the first time water bodies of oxygen propagated farther north from the eastern Gotland Basin.

The area under investigation covered the Baltic Sea between Kiel Bight and the northern Gotland Sea (Fig. 1). Marine meteorological, hydrographic, hydrochemical and hydrobiological investigations were performed according to the COMBINE program of HELCOM. The majority of stations is located along a SW-NE transect, describing the state in the succession of basins from the western to the central Baltic as main information (Fig. 5). Additional stations were done in the northern Central Basin and western Gotland Basin to investigate possible influences from the inflow activity in this distant region (Fig. 8). In the eastern Gotland Basin a few additional stations were sampled to get a more area-wide overview of the physical, chemical and biological conditions after the Major Baltic Inflows of December 2014, November 2015, January-February 2016 and additional smaller inflows in between. At the bottom of the Gotland Deep the situation shifts back to anoxic-euxinic conditions below 160 m water depth (Fig. 5, 6). The mooring “GODESS – Gotland Deep Environmental Sampling Station” equipped with multiple hydrographic and chemical sensors in daily profiling mode through the water column was recovered. On the tour back home to Rostock additional stations were sampled in the Arkona Basin to try individual water sampling compared a grid of standard sampling depths.

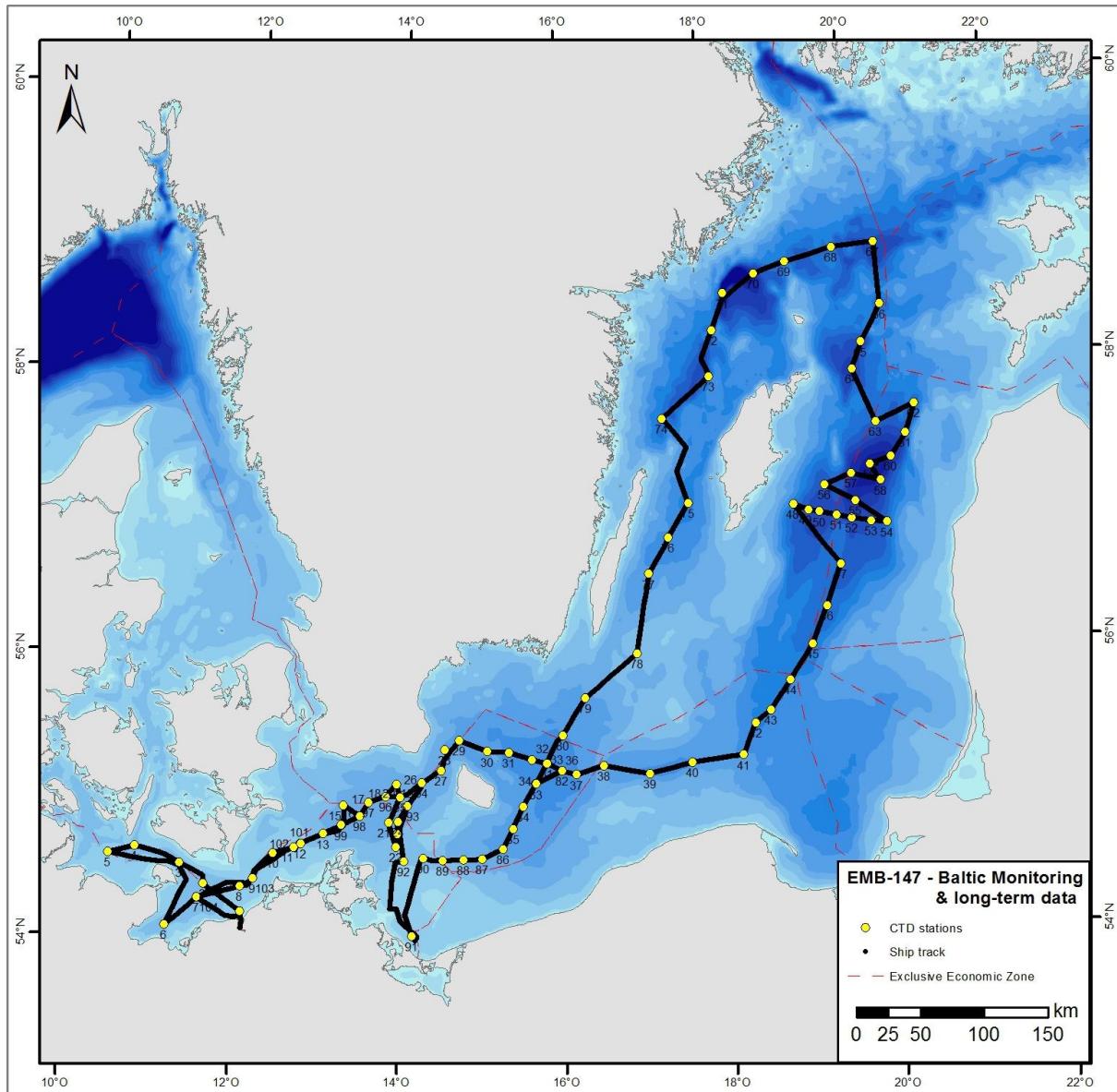


Figure 1: Map of stations and ship track of cruise EMB-147 from 7th to 18th February 2017. Yellow dots indicate the position of CTD stations with labels of the station number (Tab. 3).

- The **weather situation** during the cruise was continuously calm to moderate winds under influence of the large high pressure cell “Erika” with up to 1050 hPa across Scandinavia. The situation changed at the 18th February to stormy conditions from westerly directions. Air pressure ranged between 1015 and 1042 hPa, compared to the very stormy last years cruise of 979 to 1019 hPa. The wind speed changed between 0 and 8 Bft (0-36 kn), but ranged 80 % of the cruise between 0 and 5 Bft. Air temperature ranged between -4.3 °C (7th Feb.) up to 8.3 °C (18th Feb.) and stayed half of the cruise below 0 °C.

The following hydrographical and hydrochemical characteristics have been observed during the cruise (cf. Tables 1 and 2, Figures 4 to 8):

- **Surface temperatures** varied slightly between 0.9 °C (Mecklenburg Bight, start of cruise) and 5.7 °C (Mecklenburg Bight, end of cruise). After regularly cold winter weather in January (calculations of the German Weather Service: -0.3 K below the long-term mean 1981-2010) the surface temperatures cooled down rapidly. Especially in the western Baltic Sea the surface temperatures are ranging between 1-3 °C (cf. Fig. 5). The water column is mixed completely down to the halocline (cf. Fig. 5, 7).
- **Deep water layer temperatures** (bottom near depths) increases in the central Baltic Proper during the last two years due to the intensified inflow activity starting in 2014. Actually the Bornholm Deep is affected by warm bottom water due to a series of smaller intrusions during this winter, starting in October 2016. These intrusions of highly saline water showed warm temperatures from 12-16 °C in the western Baltic Sea (cf. continuous measurements at the MARNET station Darss Sill), filled the Bornholm Basin, passing the Slupsk Sill and are propagating along the “Thalweg” at the southwestern rim of the eastern Gotland Basins. In Figure 5 a longitudinal cross section of the basins and pathway of the salt water intrusion can be seen. At all key stations the temperatures are still higher than the long-term mean. Figure 7 shows the situation of cooler bottom layer temperatures in the western Gotland Basin. These distant areas are not arrived by new inflow water since 2003.

	Febr. 2014	Febr. 2015	Febr. 2016	Febr. 2017	Mean 1971/90
Bornholm D.	8.65 °C	7.15 °C	8.39 °C	6.96	6.1 °C
Gotland Deep	6.36 °C	6.71 °C	7.86 °C	7.19	5.6 °C
Farö Deep	5.76 °C	6.17 °C	not sampled	6.73	5.2 °C
Landsort D.	5.34 °C	not sampled	5.84 °C	5.98	4.8 °C
Karlsö Deep	5.08 °C	5.03 °C	5.22 °C	5.53	4.2 °C

- The major Baltic inflow from December 2014 and the following events of winter 2015/16 increased the **salinity in the bottom layer** in the central Baltic Proper rapidly to a value of 13.84 at the Gotland Deep in February 2016. Since that time a slight decrease starts showing no further inflow impact at the bottom of the eastern Gotland Basin. Compared to long term salinity data at this station this level is among the highest values ever measured and comparable to the largest Major Baltic Inflow of 1951. The salinity in the northerly Farö Deep increased significantly during last year as well, but the western Gotland Basin stay nearly stagnant.

	Nov. 2014	Feb. 2015	Feb. 2016	Feb. 2017
Gotland Deep	12.23	12.31	13.84	13.50
Farö Deep	11.60	11.81	not sampled	12.68
Landsort Deep	10.45	not sampled	11.03	11.18
Karlsö Deep	9.75	9.78	9.97	10.34

- Thus, the **oxygen situation in the deep water** of central basins (>100 m water depth) documents this recent inflow activity very well. Hydrogen sulphide concentrations (expressed as negative oxygen equivalents) in the near-bottom layer were high in November 2013 as maximum stage of the stagnation period and decreased drastically in the eastern Gotland Basin (2014-2015) and the Farö Deep in the northern Central Basin during 2015-2016. The Western Gotland Basin is not effected by this intrusions so far. Figure 5 visualize the propagation and ventilation of the inflowing highly saline water from the winter season 2016-2017 from the Bornholm Basin to the eastern Gotland Basin. In this area the upper part of the deep water layer between 70-120 m shows oxygen values between 1-2 ml/l (Fig. 5, 6). For the first time the Farö Deep shows a slightly ventilation with bottom values of 0.2 ml/l and up to 1.2 ml/l in 115-130 m water depth (Fig. 5).

	Nov. 2014	Feb. 2015	Feb. 2016	Feb. 2017
Gotland Deep	-1.71 ml/l	-0.92 ml/l	1.7 ml/l	-1.09 ml/l
Farö Deep	-2.41 ml/l	-1.07 ml/l	not sampled	0.20 ml/l
Landsort Deep	-0.95 ml/l	not sampled	-1.28 ml/l	-0.89 ml/l
Karlsö Deep	-1.25 ml/l	-0.86 ml/l	-0.90 ml/l	-1.12 ml/l

- The **nutrient situation** in the surface layer is typical for the winter season. In all key areas phosphate and nitrate values are on a higher winter level, because the biological production like the diatom bloom has not been started (table 1).
- In the deep waters of the **central basins** (>100 m water depth), the hydrographic situation is mirrored. The ventilation of the Eastern Gotland Basin since summer 2014 caused decreasing phosphate, ammonium and silicate concentrations and rising nitrate concentrations (table 2). The values are halved or even more decreased since November 2013. Also silicate concentrations have decreased from 126.8 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ to 43.7 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ in February 2016. During the last year the situation at the bottom water of the Gotland Deep has changed back into a beginning stagnation. Nitrate concentration are reduced and bound in the sediment, phosphate is released. Phosphate values increased from 2.1 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ to 4.97 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ and silcate as well from 43.75 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ to 64 $\mu\text{mol/l}$ during the last year at the station Gotland Deep.
- Samples for **phyto- and zooplankton** were collected for later analysis in the laboratory.
- **Additional program:**
One complete depth profile of station TF271 for al longterm data collection of CT, AT, and pH (photospectrometric)(responsible scientist: Dr. B. Schneider)
Water samples for CH₄ and N₂O measurements in different water depths at 12 stations along the cruise track. Part of a Phd work on studies about greenhouse gas conversion in marine systems with distinct oxygen dynamics (responsible scientist: Prof. G. Rehder, Jan Werner).

At station TF213 (Bornholm Basin) are additional phyto- and microzooplankton samples taken by WP2 and Apstein nets as well as water samples (responsible scientist: Dr. J. Dutz).

For the analysis of organic pollutants are done watersampling by an in situ pumpsystem in the deep water layer of the Gotland Deep (station TF271) (responsible scientist: Ines Hand, Prof. D. Schulz-Bull).

In the Pomeranian Bight the standard sampling stations OB Boje and TF150 were connected by geophysical measurements (Parametric Sediment Echosounder) of the geological subsurface up to 10 m below seafloor. The profile complements earlier measurements in this area taken in 2007-2008, 2014 for the SINCOS-II project to detect the palaeo outflow system of the Oder river and former coastlines (responsible scientist: Dr. M. Naumann, Prof. R. Lampe – Greifswald University).

Attachments:

Tables 1 and 2: Preliminary results of selected parameters in the surface layer and the near bottom water layer - (unvalidated results)

Figures 2 and 3: detailed Track charts

Figure 4: Oxygen/hydrogen sulphide in the bottom near layer for selected stations

Figure 5: Cross section 1 from Kiel Bight to eastern Gotland Basin showing the hydrographic parameters temperature, salinity and oxygen on the “Thalweg” of Major Baltic Inflows.

Figure 6: Cross sections 2 showing the hydrographic situation in the eastern Gotland Basin as a West-East transect in more detail.

Figure 7: Cross section 4 showing the hydrographic situation from western Gotland Basin to the Pommeranian Bight.

Figure 8: TSO diagram of all stations

Table 3: List of stations

Warnemünde 20th March 2017

Dr. Michael Naumann
(scientist in charge)

Table 1: Surface water layer (about 3 m depth)

Area Date	Station Name /No.*	Temp. °C	Sal. psu	O ₂ (sensor) ml/l	O ₂ (titration) ml/l	PO4 µM	NO3 µM	SiO ₄ µm
Kiel Bight 07.02.2017	TF0360/05	2,81	19,51	8,09	8,20	0,54	3,20	8,20
Meckl.Bight 08.02.2017	TF0012/07	2,95	12,52	8,29	8,44	0,56	4,37	11,30
Lübeck Bight 08.02.2017	TF0022/06	2,32	14,31	8,56	not measured	0,46	4,02	10,20
Darss Sill 08.02.2017	TF0030/12	3,13	8,48	8,64	8,79	0,48	3,55	12,50
Arkona Basin 08.02.2017	TF0113/16	3,56	7,94	8,58	8,95	0,53	5,27	15,90
Bornholm Deep 09.02.2017	TF0213/36	3,72	7,75	8,51	8,61	0,59	3,89	14,20
Stolpe Channel 10.02.2017	TF0222/39	3,37	7,44	8,59	8,67	0,64	3,89	16,00
SE Gotland Basin 10.02.2017	TF0259/42	3,44	7,35	8,59	8,68	0,68	3,68	17,10
Gotland Deep 11.02.2017	TF0271/59	3,64	7,52	8,47	8,53	0,63	4,20	15,30
Farö Deep 13.02.2017	TF0286/64	3,18	7,48	8,61	8,67	0,68	3,82	17,10
Landsort Deep 14.02.2017	TF0284/71	2,30	7,03	8,89	8,98	0,76	3,57	20,20
Karlsö Deep 15.02.2017	TF0245/75	2,34	7,15	8,86	8,92	0,82	3,34	23,40

* see attached map

Table 2: Deep water layer (bottom near layer depths)

Area Date	Station Name /No.*	Temp. °C	Sal. psu	O ₂ (sensor) ml/l	O ₂ (titration) ml/l	PO4 µM	NO3 µM	SiO ₄ µM
Kiel Bight 07.02.2017	TF0360/05	3,97	22,30	6,87	7,03	0,93	4,96	16,90
Meckl.Bight 08.02.2017	TF0012/07	3,75	21,12	7,16	7,27	0,75	3,95	12,10
Lübeck Bight 08.02.2017	TF0022/06	3,56	18,64	7,37	7,47	0,70	5,23	12,00
Darss Sill 08.02.2017	TF0030/12	3,15	8,48	8,62	8,74	0,48	3,54	13,40
Arkona Basin 08.02.2017	TF0113/16	6,21	20,50	5,07	5,57	0,87	7,04	18,70
Bornholm Deep 09.02.2017	TF0213/36	6,96	17,93	2,10	2,24	2,03	6,54	42,50
Stolpe Channel 10.02.2017	TF0222/39	8,83	15,26	3,61	3,71	1,39	8,26	30,00
SE Gotland Basin 10.02.2017	TF0259/42	6,73	11,77	1,30	1,56	2,15	7,01	42,30
Gotland Deep 11.02.2017	TF0271/59	7,19	13,50	0,00	-1,09	4,97	0,00	64,00
Farö Deep 13.02.2017	TF0286/64	6,73	12,68	0,33	0,20	2,43	7,46	49,90
Landsort Deep 14.02.2017	TF0284/71	5,98	11,18	-0,01	-0,89	3,20	0,00	55,60
Karlsö Deep 15.02.2017	TF0245/75	5,53	10,34	0,01	-1,12	3,67	0,00	59,50

* see attached map

** hydrogen sulphide was converted into negative oxygen equivalents

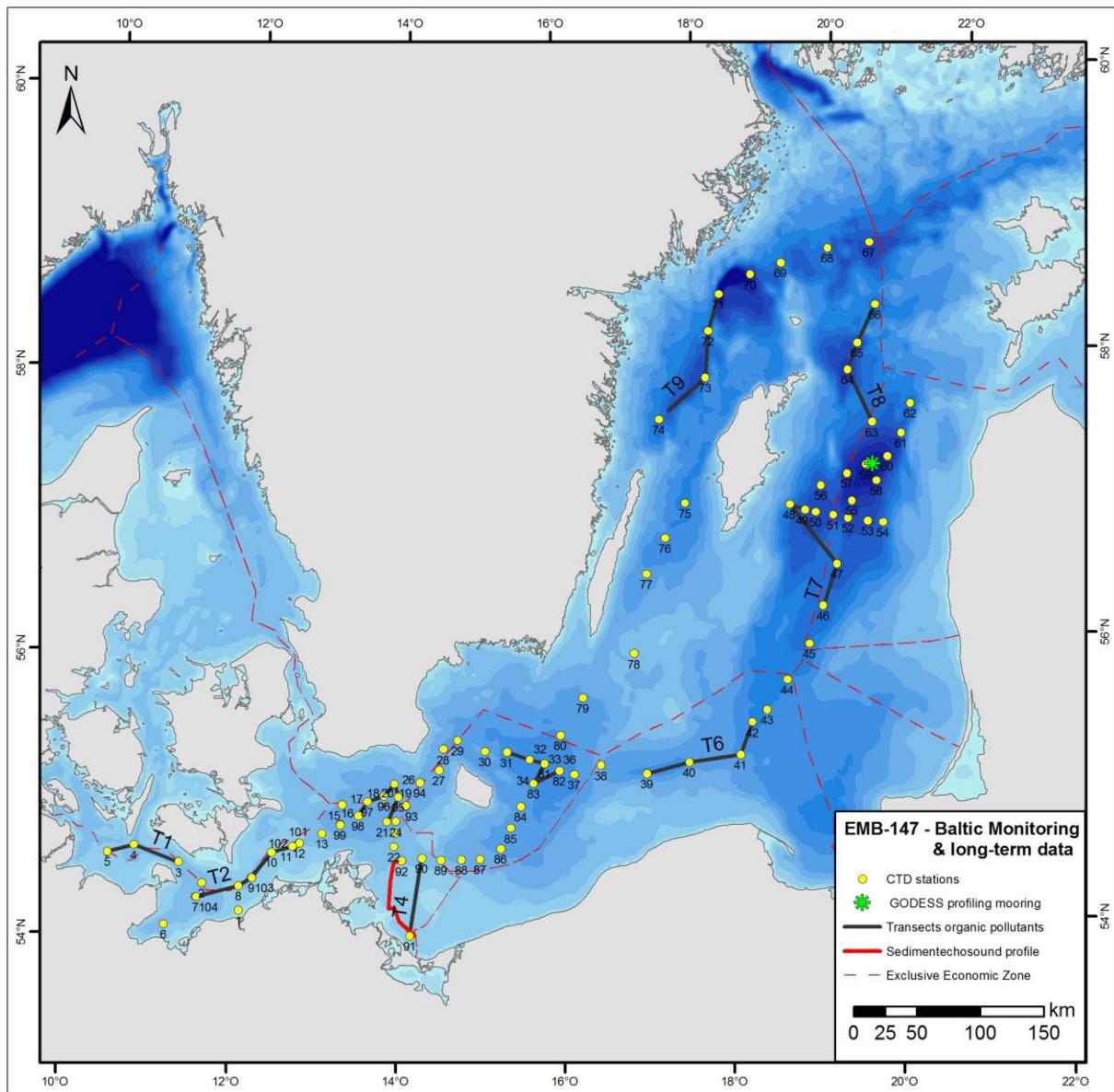


Figure 2: Map of CTD stations sampled during cruise EMB-147 from the western to the central Baltic Sea (labeled with station number → Tab. 3) as well as transects of surface-water sampling for organic pollutants, mooring recovery and sediment echosounding measurements.

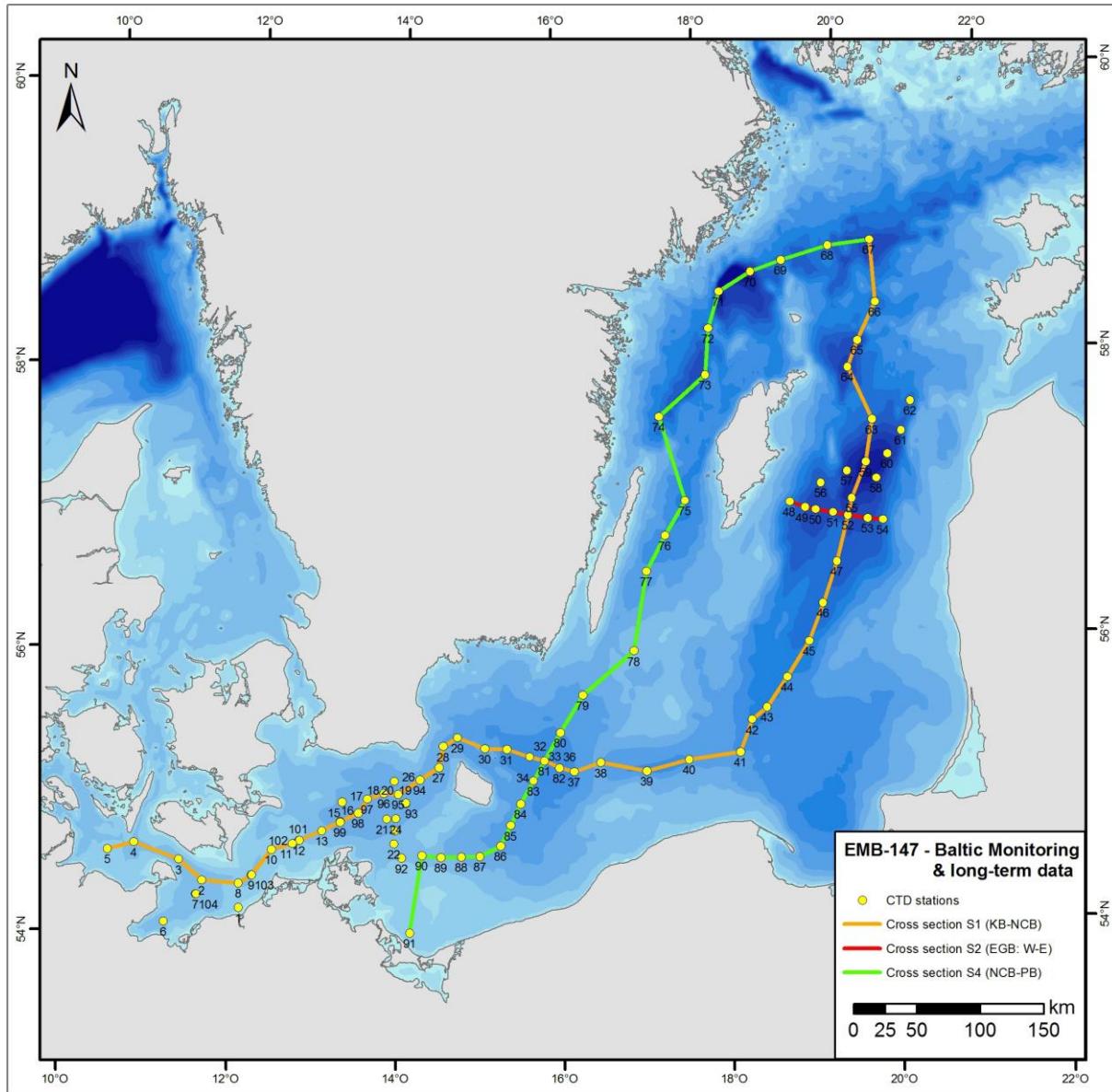


Figure 3: Map of CTD-stations (labeled with station number → Tab. 3) and derived cross sections S1-S4.

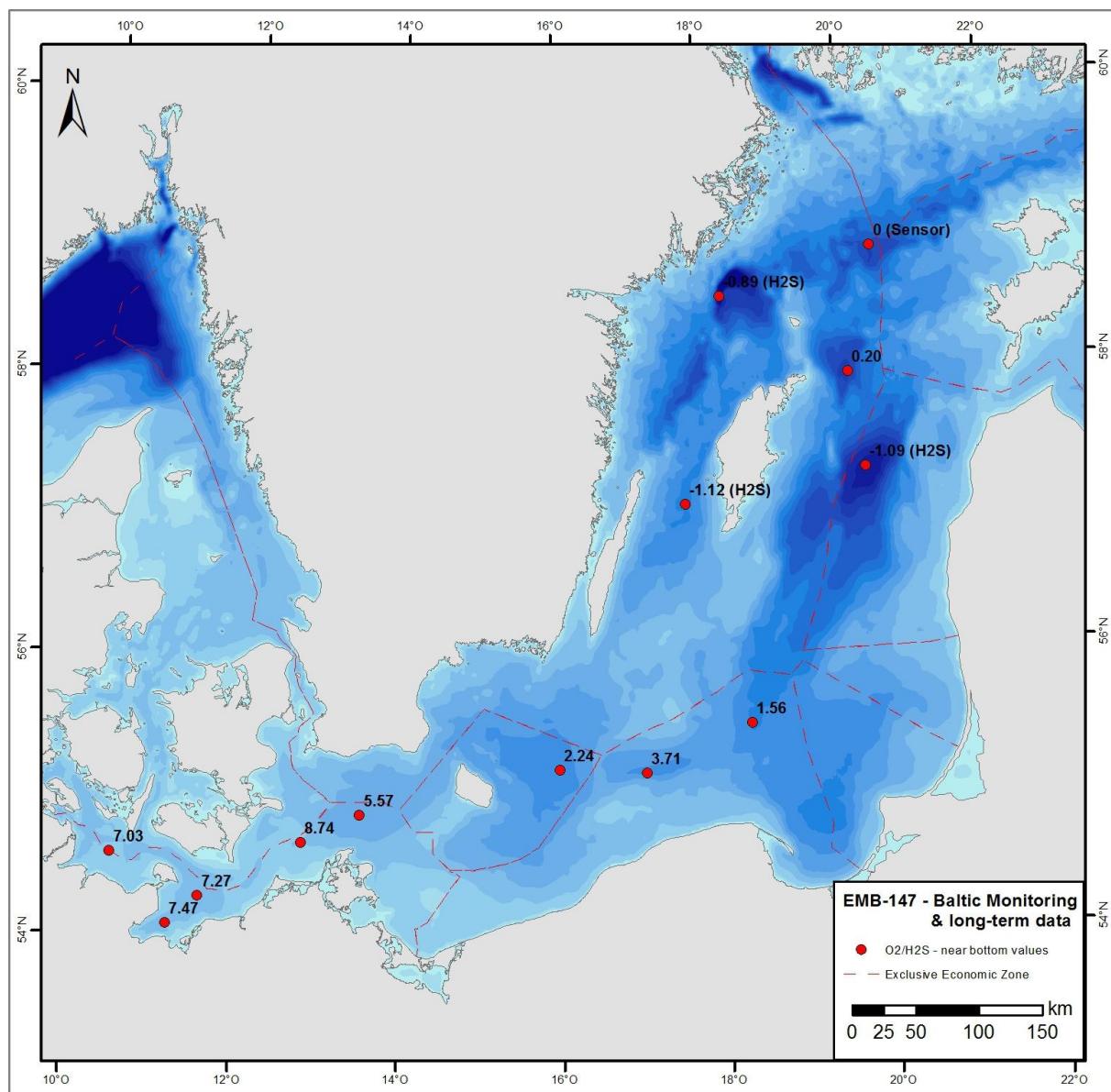


Figure 4: Oxygen/hydrogen sulphide in the bottom near layer for selected stations

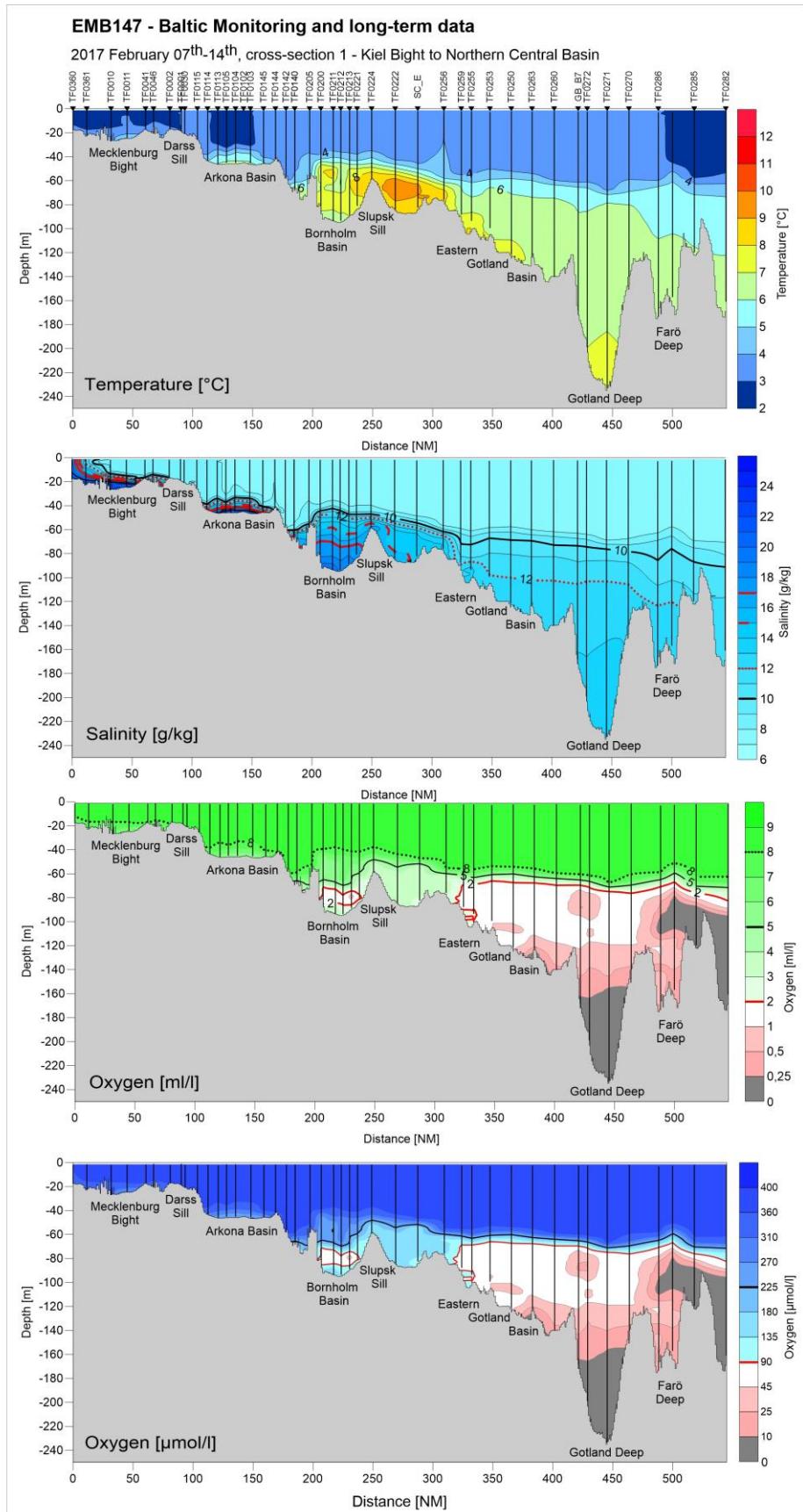


Figure 5: Cross section 1 from Kiel Bight to the Northern Central Basin on the “Thalweg” of Major Baltic Inflows. As consequence of the recent intensified inflow activity since 2014 a ventilated Farö Deep was found, which was only minor effected in advance.

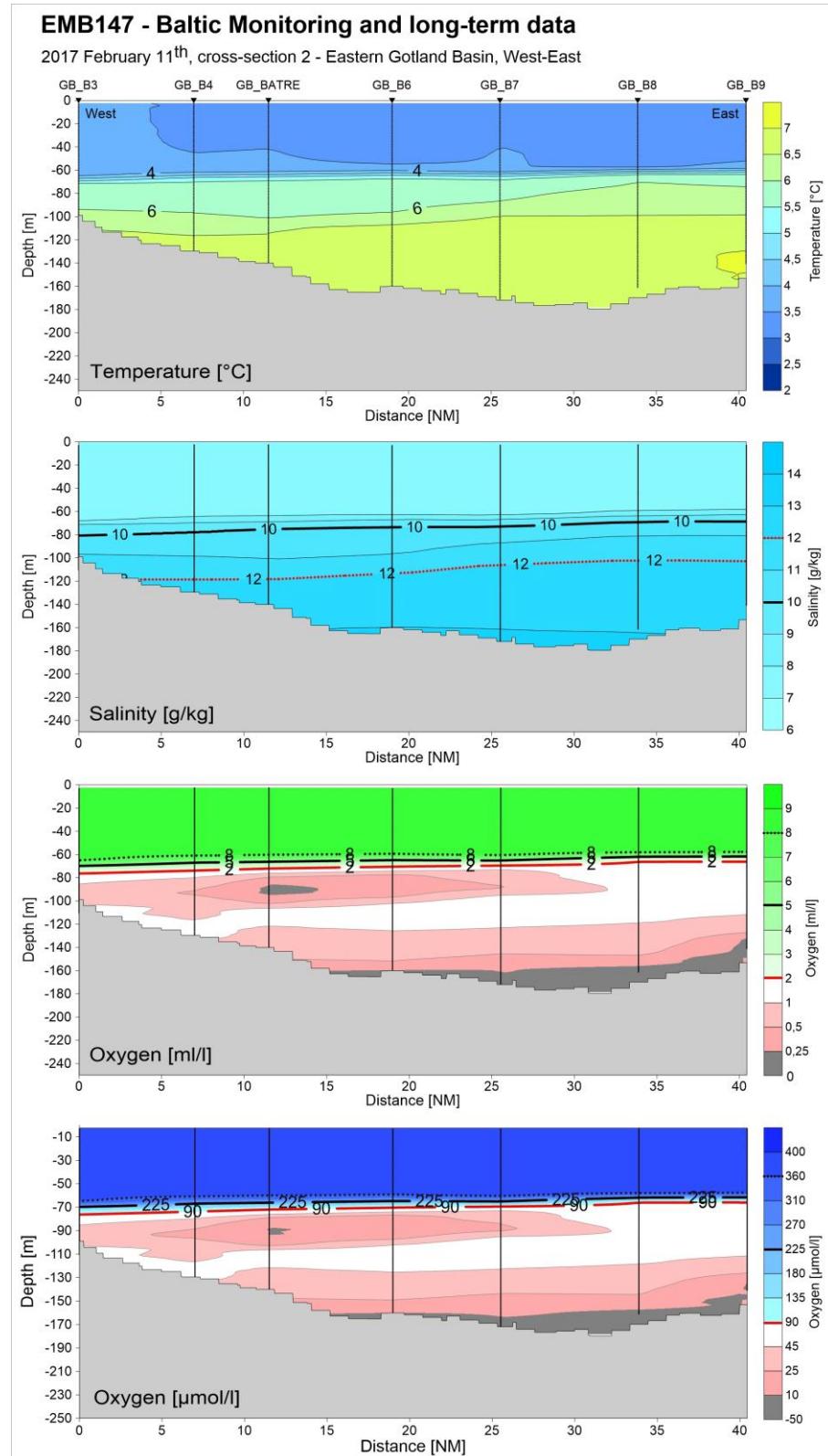


Figure 6: Cross sections 2 showing the hydrographic situation in the eastern Gotland Basin in more detail as a West-East transect in the centre of this basin.

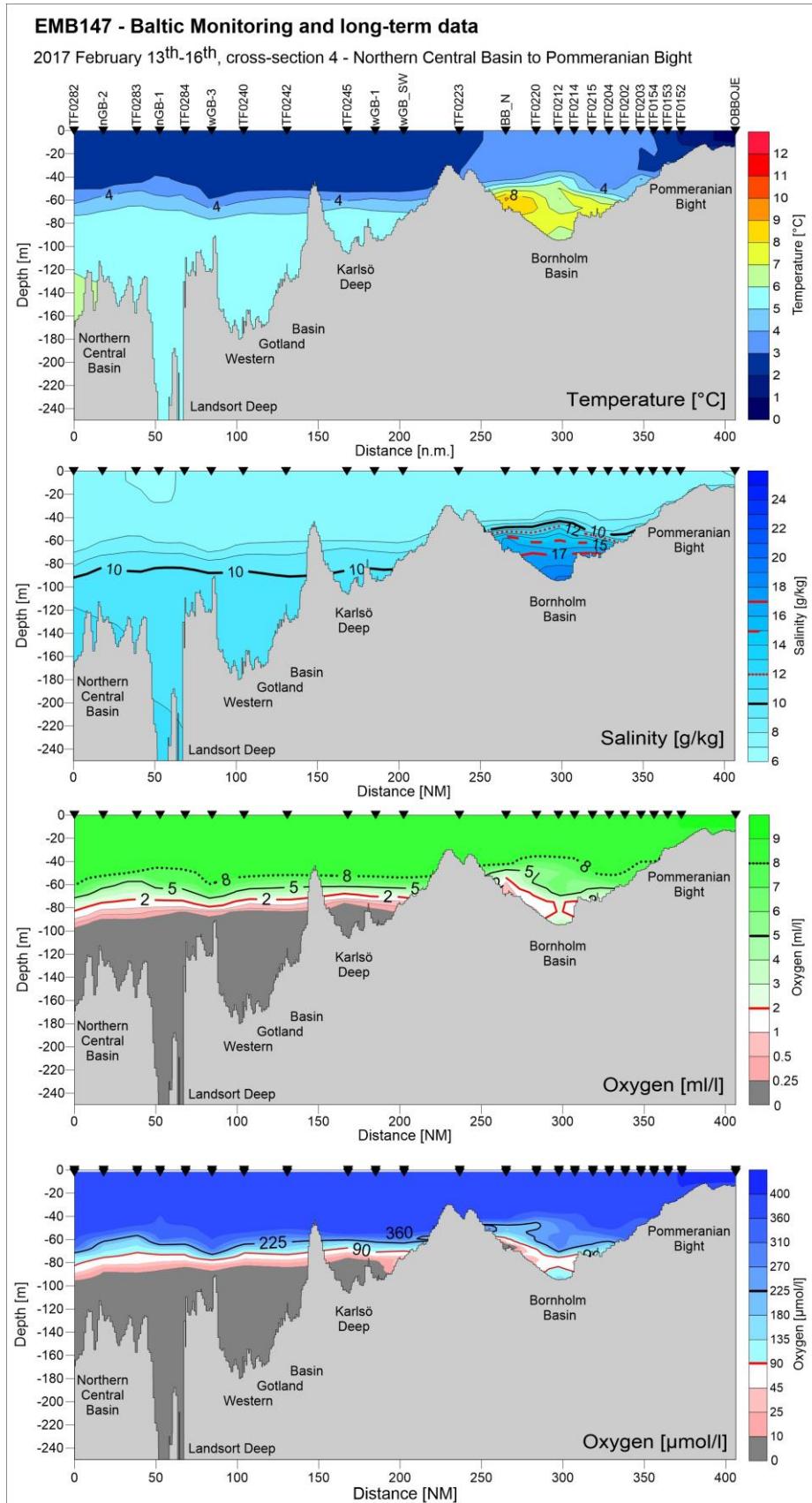


Figure 7: Cross section 4 showing the hydrographic situation from western Gotland Basin to the Pommeranian Bight. Anoxic conditions remain in the western Gotland Basin and no signs of ventilation processes since the start of intensified inflow activity in 2014 are visible up to this stage.

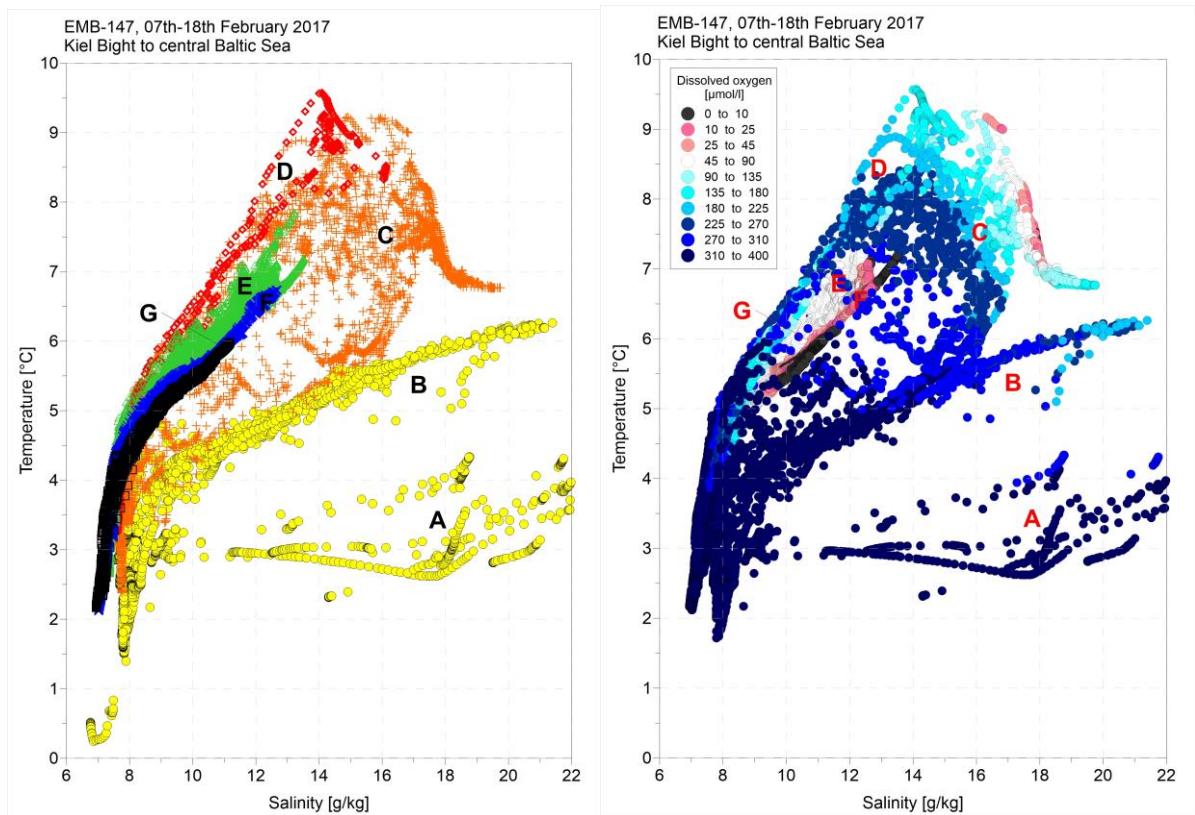


Figure 8: Temperature-Salinity diagram (left) of all stations, A – Kiel Bight – Mecklenburg Bight (yellow); B – Arkona Basin (yellow); C – Bornholm Basin (orange); D – Slupsk Channel (red); E – Eastern Gotland Basin (green); F – Northern Central Basin (blue); G – Western Gotland Basin (black). Diagram on right side shows all temperature – salinity values and dissolved oxygen classified in color.

Tab. 3: List of stations, mooring recovery and deployments carried out during the cruise
EMB-147.

Stat.No.	Stat.Name	Latitude	Longitude	Lat-Depth [m]		Date	Time [UTC]	CTD cast(s)	Remarks
	Marienehe harbour				Begin	07.02.2017	7:30		Start of cruise
1	TF05	54°13,8662N	12°04,5089E	13,41	Begin End	07.02.2017	9:02 9:07	V0001F01.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk
2	TF0011	54°24,8738N	11°36,9461E	25,63	Begin End	07.02.2017	11:02 11:51	V0002F01.hex V0002K02.hex V0002K03.hex V0002K04.hex	O2, nutrients
3	TF0010	54°33,1536N	11°19,1750E	28,47	Begin End	07.02.2017	13:17 13:22	V0003F01.hex	O2, nutrients, 2x Frahmplot
4	TF0361	54°39,5516N	10°45,8330E	23,15	Begin End	07.02.2017	16:06 16:10	V0004F01.hex	O2, nutrients
5	TF0360	54°35,9716N	10°26,9494E	19,03	Begin End	07.02.2017 07.02.2017	17:46 18:16	V0005F01.hex V0005F02.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, Bio net
6	TF0022	54°06,6232N	11°10,4851E	24,02	Begin End	08.02.2017	0:48 0:52	V0006F01.hex	O2, nutrients, 2x Bio net
7	TF0012	54°18,9066N	11°32,9342E	24,8	Begin End	08.02.2017	3:05 3:09	V0007F01.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, Secchi disk, Bio net, 2x Frahmplot
8	TF0041	54°24,3764N	12°03,6443E	19,52	Begin End	08.02.2017	6:00 6:09	V0008F01.hex	O2, nutrients
9	TF0046	54°27,9723N	12°12,9833E	24,65	Begin End	08.02.2017	7:13 7:19	V0009F01.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, Bio net
10	TF0002	54°39,0260N	12°26,9220E	18,71	Begin End	08.02.2017	9:12 9:17	V0010F01.hex	O2
11	TF0001	54°41,7924N	12°42,3712E	21,69	Begin End	08.02.2017	10:32 10:34	V0011F01.hex	O2
12	TF0030	54°43,3778N	12°46,9647E	23,41	Begin End	08.02.2017	11:19 11:22	V0012F01.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk
13	TF0115	54°47,7060N	13°03,4642E	29,52	Begin End	08.02.2017	12:56 13:01	V0013F01.hex	O2
14	TF0114	54°51,6229N	13°16,6789E	44,47	Begin End	08.02.2017	14:05 14:12	V0014F01.hex	O2
15	TF0069	54°59,9725N	13°17,8216E	46,24	Begin End	08.02.2017	15:21 15:25	V0015F01.hex	O2, nutrients, 2x Frahmplot
16	TF0113	55°00,0602N	13°17,8388E	47,12	Begin End	08.02.2017	16:23 18:29	V0015F01.hex V0016F01.hex V0016F02.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, 3x Bio net
17	TF0105	55°01,5071N	13°36,3566E	46,67	Begin End	08.02.2017	20:00 20:06	V0017F01.hex	O2, nutrients

Stat.No.	Stat.Name	Latitude	Longitude	Lat-Depth [m]		Date	Time [UTC]	CTD cast(s)	Remarks
18	TF0104	55°04,1106N	13°48,8016E	44,79	Begin End	08.02.2017	21:11 21:17	V0018F01.hex	O2, nutrients
19	TF0102	55°09,3115N	13°56,4952E	44,64	Begin End	08.02.2017	22:15 22:20	V0019F01.hex	O2, nutrients
20	TF0103	55°03,8166N	13°59,3407E	46,75	Begin End	08.02.2017	23:11 23:16	V0020F01.hex	O2, nutrients
21	ABBOJE	54°53,1101N	13°51,2248E	45,61	Begin End	09.02.2017	0:38 0:41	V0021F01.hex	O2
22	TF0121	54°42,6236N	13°56,8507E	30,84	Begin End	09.02.2017	2:03 2:08	V0022F01.hex	O2, nutrients
23	TF0112	54°48,2416N	13°57,4533E	39,73	Begin End	09.02.2017	2:53 3:00	V0023F01.hex	O2, nutrients
24	TF0111	54°53,3463N	13°57,9546E	44,21	Begin End	09.02.2017	4:27 4:32	V0024F01.hex	O2, nutrients
25	TF0109	55°00,0413N	14°05,0109E	47,64	Begin End	09.02.2017	7:09 7:51	V0025F01.hex V0025F02.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, Bio net, 2x Frahmplot
26	TF0145	55°10,0035N	14°15,0608E	46,77	Begin End	09.02.2017	9:50 9:57	V0026F01.hex	O2, nutrients
27	TF0144	55°15,3369N	14°29,3683E	44,47	Begin End	09.02.2017	11:08 11:18	V0027F01.hex	O2, nutrients
28	TF0142	55°24,1832N	14°32,3564E	60,35	Begin End	09.02.2017	12:34 12:42	V0028F01.hex	O2, nutrients
29	TF0140	55°28,0008N	14°43,0241E	69,41	Begin End	09.02.2017	13:50 13:57	V0029F01.hex	O2, nutrients
30	TF0205	55°23,3637N	15°03,4491E	74,81	Begin End	09.02.2017	15:25 15:31	V0030F01.hex	O2
31	TF0200	55°23,0072N	15°19,9627E	90,58	Begin End	09.02.2017	16:48 16:57	V0031F01.hex	O2, nutrients
32	TF0211	55°19,7760N	15°36,8482E	95,41	Begin End	09.02.2017	18:19 18:30	V0032F01.hex	O2
33	TF0212	55°18,1049N	15°47,7854E	95	Begin End	09.02.2017	19:27 19:37	V0033F01.hex	O2
34/35	TF0214	55°09,5958N	15°39,5678E	93,69	Begin End	09.02.2017	21:01 21:12	V0034F01.hex	O2, nutrients
36	TF0213	55°14,9989N	15°58,9715E	90,47	Begin End	09.02.2017	22:46 23:31	V0035F01.hex V0035F02.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, 2x Bi+B52:J77o net
37	TF0221	55°13,2966N	16°09,9327E	82,46	Begin End	10.02.2017	2:07 2:13	V0037F01.hex	O2
38	TF0224	55°16,9945N	16°29,9463E	61,64	Begin End	10.02.2017	3:40 3:44	V0038F01.hex	O2
39	TF0222	55°13,0133N	17°03,9772E	90,6	Begin End	10.02.2017	6:06 6:16	V0039F01.hex	O2, nutrients

Stat.No.	Stat.Name	Latitude	Longitude	Lat-Depth [m]		Date	Time [UTC]	CTD cast(s)	Remarks
40	SC_E	55°17,1877N	17°35,6145E	84,09	Begin End	10.02.2017	8:27 8:37	V0040F01.hex	O2
41	TF0256	55°19,6120N	18°14,0464E	77,29	Begin End	10.02.2017	11:41 11:49	V0041F01.hex	O2, nutrients
42	TF0259	55°32,9904N	18°24,0100E	89,08	Begin End	10.02.2017	13:32 13:42	V0042F01.hex	O2, nutrients, Bio net
43	TF0255	55°37,9772N	18°35,8366E	94,95	Begin End	10.02.2017	14:53 15:04	V0043F01.hex	O2, nutrients
44	TF0253	55°50,3922N	18°51,9225E	100,96	Begin End	10.02.2017	16:49 16:55	V0044F01.hex	O2
45	TF0250	56°05,0161N	19°09,9861E	122,94	Begin End	10.02.2017	18:58 19:09	V0045F01.hex	O2, nutrients
46	TF0263	56°20,8345N	19°22,6742E	132,13	Begin End	10.02.2017	20:57 21:21	V0046F01.hex V0046F02.hex	O2
47	TF0260	56°38,0504N	19°35,0961E	143,59	Begin End	10.02.2017	23:27 23:42	V0047F01.hex	O2, nutrients
48	GB_B3	57°04,4279N	19°01,4182E	113,52	Begin End	11.02.2017	3:20 3:26	V0048_01.hex	
49	GB_B4	57°01,7303N	19°13,2599E	159,41	Begin End	11.02.2017	4:34 4:42	V0049_01.hex	
50	GB_(BATRE)	57°00,5642N	19°21,2540E	173,29	Begin End	11.02.2017	5:38 5:49	V0050F01.hex	O2
51	GB_B6	56°58,8086N	19°34,6011E	165,95	Begin End	11.02.2017	7:05 7:19	V0051F01.hex	O2
52	GB_B7	56°57,1310N	19°46,1784E	181,43	Begin End	11.02.2017	8:18 8:31	V0052F01.hex	O2, H2S
53	GB_B8	56°55,3794N	20°01,1130E	163,86	Begin End	11.02.2017	9:39 9:51	V0053F01.hex	O2
54	GB_B9	56°54,3323N	20°12,9797E	144,06	Begin End	11.02.2017	10:47 10:56	V0054F01.hex	
55	TF0272	57°04,2887N	19°49,9204E	205,43	Begin End	11.02.2017	12:44 13:04	V0055F01.hex	O2, nutrients
56	GB_B12	57°11,7916N	19°26,5646E	162,56	Begin End	11.02.2017	14:37 14:47	V0056_01.hex	
57	GB_B13	57°15,9983N	19°47,7601E	205,48	Begin End	11.02.2017	16:19 16:27	V0057_01.hex	
58	GB_B14	57°12,1494N	20°10,2299E	230,69	Begin End	11.02.2017	18:09 18:26	V0058F01.hex	O2, H2S

Stat.No.	Stat.Name	Latitude	Longitude	Lat-Depth [m]		Date	Time [UTC]	CTD cast(s)	Remarks
59	TF0271	57°19,2078N	20°02,9099E	236,38	Begin	11.02.2017	19:40	V0059F01.hex V0059F02.hex V0059F03.hex V0059F04.hex V0059F05.hex V0059F06.hex V0059F07.hex V0059F08.hex	O2, H2S, nutrients, Secchi disk, 3x Bio net, mooring recovery of "GODESS", 3x in situ pump organic pollutants
					End	12.02.2017	20:04		
60	Gotland_NE	57°21,9821N	20°20,0072E	216,54	Begin	13.02.2017	4:13	V0060F01.hex	O2
					End		4:22		
61	GB_B15	57°31,4565N	20°32,6522E	156,35	Begin	13.02.2017	5:52	V0061F01.hex	O2
					End		6:05		
62	GB_B16	57°43,6468N	20°41,4845E	134,68	Begin	13.02.2017	7:51	V0062F01.hex	
					End		8:14	V0062F02.hex	
63	TF0270	57°37,0085N	20°10,1563E	143,34	Begin	13.02.2017	10:52	V0063F01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		11:09		
64	TF0286	57°59,9485N	19°54,1007E	191,45	Begin	13.02.2017	13:50	V0064F01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		14:40	V0064F02.hex	
65	GB_B24	58°11,0043N	20°03,0986E	160,47	Begin	13.02.2017	16:03	V0065F01.hex	O2
					End		16:10		
66	TF0285	58°26,5086N	20°19,9934E	122,06	Begin	13.02.2017	18:12	V0066F01.hex	O2, H2S, nutrients
					End		18:27		
67	TF0282	58°53,0102N	20°19,0006E	161,41	Begin	13.02.2017	21:12	V0067F01.hex	O2, H2S
					End		21:23		
68	nGB-2	58°51,9479N	19°44,7001E	158,11	Begin	13.02.2017	23:20	V0068_01.hex	
					End		23:30		
69	TF0283	58°46,9872N	19°05,9980E	122,79	Begin	14.02.2017	1:43	V0069F01.hex	O2
					End		1:50		
70	nGB-1	58°42,7451N	18°40,2218E	235,98	Begin	14.02.2017	3:20	V0070F01.hex	O2, H2S
					End		3:37		
71	TF0284	58°34,9964N	18°14,0399E	438,42	Begin	14.02.2017	6:49	V0071F01.hex V0071F02.hex V0071F03.hex V0071F04.hex V0071F05.hex V0071F06.hex	O2, H2S, nutrients, Secchi disk, 2x Bio net
					End		14:13		
72	wGB-3	58°19,5334N	18°04,0051E	160,59	Begin	14.02.2017	16:13	V0072_01.hex	
					End		16:21		
73	TF0240	57°59,9967N	17°59,9747E	165,82	Begin	14.02.2017	18:57	V0073F01.hex	O2, H2S, nutrients
					End		19:14		
74	TF0242	57°42,9558N	17°21,9037E	139,1	Begin	14.02.2017	22:07	V0074F01.hex	
					End		22:17		

Stat.No.	Stat.Name	Latitude	Longitude	Lat-Depth [m]		Date	Time [UTC]	CTD cast(s)	Remarks
75	TF0245	57°07,0234N	17°39,9295E	109,59	Begin End	15.02.2017	2:06 2:16	V0075F01.hex	O2, H2S, nutrients
76	wGB-1	56°52,5869N	17°23,3616E	95,08	Begin End	15.02.2017	4:03 4:07	V0076_01.hex	
77	wGB_SW	56°37,5337N	17°07,8801E	77,23	Begin End	15.02.2017	6:00 6:06	V0077F01.hex	O2
78	TF0223	56°03,9552N	16°56,8436E	41,18	Begin End	15.02.2017	10:14 10:19	V0078F01.hex	
79	BB_N	55°45,7252N	16°17,4126E	61,81	Begin End	15.02.2017	13:07 13:11	V0079F01.hex	O2, nutrients
80	TF0220	55°29,9679N	15°59,9688E	79,4	Begin End	15.02.2017	15:12 15:18	V0080_01.hex	
81	TF0212	55°18,1211N	15°47,7950E	93,76	Begin End	15.02.2017	16:54 17:01	V0081F01.hex	O2, nutrients
82	TF0213	55°15,0223N	15°59,0368E	89,3	Begin End	15.02.2017	18:07 19:38	V0082F01.hex V0082F02.hex V0082F03.hex	O2, nutrients, 2x Bio net
83	TF0214	55°09,5769N	15°39,6142E	93,45	Begin End	15.02.2017	21:07 21:13	V0083F01.hex	O2, nutrients
84	TF0215	54°59,9990N	15°29,9927E	76,26	Begin End	15.02.2017	22:30 22:38	V0084F01.hex	O2, nutrients
85	TF0204	54°50,6985N	15°22,5603E	69,95	Begin End	15.02.2017	23:51 23:57	V0085F01.hex	O2, nutrients
86	TF0202	54°42,0299N	15°15,0209E	64,29	Begin End	16.02.2017	1:08 1:12	V0086_01.hex	
87	TF0203	54°37,7083N	15°00,0265E	51,83	Begin End	16.02.2017	2:25 2:28	V0087_01.hex	
88	TF0154	54°37,4209N	14°46,0548E	46,97	Begin End	16.02.2017	3:30 3:33	V0088F01.hex	O2, nutrients
89	TF0153	54°37,2109N	14°31,3120E	29,63	Begin End	16.02.2017	4:35 4:41	V0089_01.hex	
90	TF0152	54°37,9778N	14°17,0110E	30,98	Begin End	16.02.2017	5:45 5:48	V0090F01.hex	O2, nutrients
91	OBBOJE	54°05,0291N	14°09,0403E	14,2	Begin End	16. Feb 17	13:22 13:30	V0091F01.hex	O2, nutrients, Bio net, 2x Frahmplot
92	TF0150	54°36,6993N	14°02,6003E	20,2	Begin End	16. Feb 17	22:20 23:11	V0092F01.hex V0092F02.hex	O2, nutrients, Bio net
93	TF0109	55°00,0963N	14°04,9607E	45,6	Begin End	17. Feb 17	1:50 1:58	V0093F01.hex	O2, nutrients
94	TF0145	55°10,0004N	14°15,0219E	44,7	Begin End	17. Feb 17	3:31 3:43	V0094_01.hex V0094F02.hex	O2, nutrients

Stat.No.	Stat.Name	Latitude	Longitude	Lat-Depth [m]		Date	Time [UTC]	CTD cast(s)	Remarks
95	TF0103	55°03,8190N	13°59,2509E	44,7	Begin	17. Feb 17	5:08	V0095_01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		6:07	V0095F02.hex V0095K03.hex V0095_04.hex	
96	TF0104	55°04,0641N	13°48,7668E	43,9	Begin	17. Feb 17	7:01	V0096_01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		7:13	V0096F02.hex	
97	TF0105	55°01,5113N	13°36,3659E	44,1	Begin	17. Feb 17	8:10	V0097F01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		8:22	V0097F02.hex	
98	TF0113	54°55,5069N	13°30,0146E	45		17. Feb 17	9:20	V0098_01.hex	O2, nutrients, Secchi disk, 2x Bio net
							10:05	V0098F02.hex V0098F03.hex	
99	TF0114	54°51,5672N	13°16,5500E	42,5	Begin	17. Feb 17	11:31	V0099_01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		11:45	V0099F02.hex	
100	TF0115	54°47,6998N	13°03,5275E	28,2	Begin	17. Feb 17	12:53	V0100_01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		13:01	V0100F02.hex	
101	TF0030	54°43,3985N	12°47,1108E	21,2	Begin	17. Feb 17	14:20	V0101_01.hex	O2, nutrients, Sechi disk, 2x Bio net
					End		14:29	V0101F02.hex	
102	TF0001	54°41,7948N	12°42,1715E	19,6	Begin	17. Feb 17	15:10	V0102F01.hex	O2, nutrients
					End		15:18		
103	TF0046	54°28,0135N	12°13,1487E	24,4	Begin	17. Feb 17	17:47	V0103F01.hex	2x Bio net
					End		17:53		
104	TF0012	54°18,9038N	11°33,0112E	23,5	Begin	17. Feb 17	20:52	V0104F01.hex	2x Bio net
					End		20:56		
	Marienehe harbour					18.02.2017	7:00		End of cruise